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$\qquad$ Score: $\qquad$ /4

## In-Class Workbook

## Geometry: Angles, Triangle, Triangle Classification Unit 8: Workbook Part 1

 How do geometric models describe spatial relationships? Why are angles a fundamental building block?| Standard | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| 7.G.A.2 | Draw (freehand, with ruler and protractor, and with technology) geometric shapes with given conditions. Focus <br> on constructing triangles from three measures of angles or sides, noticing when the conditions determine a <br> unique triangle, more than one triangle, or no triangle. |
| 7.G.B.5 | Use facts about supplementary, complementary, vertical, and adjacent angles in a multi-step problem to write <br> and solve simple equations for an unknown angle in a figure. |


| Lesson | I can... |
| :---: | :--- |
| $8.1 \& 8.2$ | solve for unknown angles in word problems and in diagrams involving complementary, supplementary, <br> vertical, and adjacent angles. |
| 8.3 | solve for unknown angles in word problems and in diagrams involving ALLlearned angle facts. |
| 8.4 | explore the properties of triangles. |
| $8.5 \& 8.6$ | explore how changes in arrangement and measurement affect a triangle, creating a list of conditions that <br> determine a unique triangle. |
| 8.7 | apply what I've learned about about angles AND unique triangles to novel scenarios. |


| Packet Completion Rubric |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
| Workbook demonstrates <br> significant effort. Student <br> utilizes notes to help <br> extend their thinking, <br> writing questions, <br> comments or reactions to <br> the content. | Workbook <br> demonstrates some <br> effort. Student takes <br> notes but could <br> further understanding <br> by questioning and <br> interacting with the <br> material. | Workbook shows little <br> effort. Student takes <br> notes sporadically, and <br> could benefit from <br> greater consistency with <br> the material. | Workbook shows little <br> to no effort. Student <br> does not take notes and <br> must demonstrate <br> future interaction with <br> the material to aid <br> understanding. | Workbook is entirely <br> incomplete or not <br> turned in. |  |  |

Grading Breakdown: 3.5-4 = A 3-3.4 $=\mathrm{B} \quad$ 2.5-2.9 $=\mathbf{C} \quad$ 2-2.4 $=\mathrm{D} \quad$ o-1.9 = F
Use our class website too! www.7mathscience.weebly.com

| Unit 8: Ang | , Triangle, Triangle Classification |  | Lesson 8.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lesson <br> 8.1 <br> DO-NOW | In the figure to the right. <br> 1. Place an $\mathbf{X}$ in $\angle \mathrm{CBD}$ ? <br> 2. Place a in $\angle E D F$ ? <br> 3. Place a : in $\angle \mathrm{BDC}$ ? <br> 4. Highlight line ABC <br> *HINT: $\angle$ means angle |  |  |
| Homework Reminder | This is where you will shade in the box if you turned in your homework. There is no homework due today! :) <br> "Excellence is not an art. It is the habit of practice." - Aristotle |  |  |
| Check-In | How are you doing today? <br> What is the most common shape? |  |  |

Angle Basics- Take video notes!

A Few Words About Labeling...

| Points | Line Segments | Angles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | We write this as... | We write this as... |
|  |  |  |

Angles and Degrees - Take video notes!
Review Reminder:

| An ACUTE angle |
| :---: |
| has a measure of |
| less than 90 |
| degrees. |

angle


## Measuring an Angle

Using your protractor, find the angle measure of the following two angles:


Compare your answer to your neighbor's. Did you get the same answer? Respond to the bold question on the screen that fits your response.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

When working with angles, can we assume we know the measure of an angle?
We can $\qquad$ assume we know an angle measure.

However, sometimes we can $\qquad$ that we know the measure of an unknown angle.

| Facts to help you PROVE measures of an unknown angle |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Object \& Degrees | Finding the Number of Degrees |
| POINT | Draw a point. <br> How many degrees are there around a point? (Draw an image) <br> Degrees |
| STRAIGHT LINE | Draw a point. <br> Draw a straight line through the point. <br> If there are 360 degrees around a point, how many degrees are around each <br> side of a line? Why? (Draw an image) |
| Degrees |  |


| RIGHT ANGLE | Draw a point. <br> Draw a straight line through the point. <br> Draw a straight line perpendicular to the first line. <br> If there are 18o degrees around a line, how many degrees are there in a right <br> angle? Why? (Draw an image) <br> Do you know the measures of the other three angles in the image? (Fill them in) |
| :---: | :--- |
| Degrees |  |

## Don't Fall For a Trap!

Remember, we can never assume that we know the measure of an angle. However, we can prove that we know the measure of an angle with the info we are given.

For $\angle A C B$ below, which images' angles do we know for certain are 90 degrees? Circle your answer or answers.


## Solving For Unknown Angles

Find the measure of the unknown angles. Write an equation to solve. All lines are straight lines.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |

Given the information, find the measure of each angle.

$$
\angle \mathbf{r}=
$$

$\angle \mathbf{s}=$ $\qquad$
$\angle \mathbf{t}=$ $\qquad$

Then, find the measure of:

$$
\mathrm{r}+\mathrm{s}=
$$

Does this make sense? Why? $\rightarrow$
$\mathrm{r}+\mathrm{s}+\mathrm{t}+25=$ $\qquad$
Does this make sense? Why? $\rightarrow$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Guided Practice

Directions: For each problem, find the measure of the unknown angle or angles. All lines that appear to be straight lines are straight lines.


## Guided Practice (CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE)


11. In the following diagram, you have been given the measure of an angle and an unknown angle to find. Have you been given enough information to find the value of the unknown angle? Explain why or why not.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


| Lesson <br> 8.2 <br> DO-NOW | 1. Fill in the following blanks: <br> There are $\qquad$ degrees around a <br> point. <br> There are $\qquad$ degrees in a line. <br> There are $\qquad$ degrees in a right angle. <br> 2. Find the measure of angle $\boldsymbol{y}$, if possible. All lines that appear straight are straight. <br> 3. Find the measure of angle $\boldsymbol{x}$, if possible. All lines that appear straight are straight. |   |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Homework Reminder | This is where you will shade in the box if you turned in your homework. Lesson 8.1 homework is due today! :) <br> "Excellence is not an art. It is the habit of practice." - Aristotle |  |
| Check-In | How are you doing today? <br> What is your favorite shape? |  |

Defining Types of Angles

| Angle Name | Definition | Example |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  | | Supplementary and Complementary angles do NOT have to be adjacent. |
| :--- |
| They can be two separate angles with degrees that add up to be 180- supplementary |
| or 90- complementary. |


|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |

Tip for remembering the difference between complementary and supplementary angles:
someone is always the $\qquad$ thing to do :)

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Vertical Angles always have the $\qquad$ measure! Think of them as mirroring each other!


## COMPLIMENTARY ANGLES

## Identifying Types of Angles

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\angle \mathrm{FPA}$ and $\angle \mathrm{GPB}$ are $\qquad$ angles <br> $\angle \mathrm{APF}$ and $\angle \mathrm{FPB}$ are $\qquad$ angles <br> $\angle \mathrm{FPD}$ and $\angle \mathrm{DPB}$ are $\qquad$ <br> angles <br> $\angle \mathrm{APC}$ and $\angle \mathrm{DPB}$ are $\qquad$ <br> angles | $\angle \mathrm{CEB}$ and $\angle \mathrm{BED}$ are $\qquad$ angles <br> $\angle \mathrm{CEB}$ and $\angle \mathrm{AED}$ are $\qquad$ angles <br> $\angle \mathrm{AED}$ and $\angle \mathrm{AEC}$ are $\qquad$ angles <br> $\angle \mathrm{CEA}$ and $\angle \mathrm{DEB}$ are $\qquad$ angles |

## Drawing Angles

Can you draw the following angles with the given criteria?

Draw two supplementary angles.
If one angle has a measure of $35^{\circ}$, find the measure of the other angle.

Draw two complementary angles.
If one angle has a measure of $15^{\circ}$, find the measure of the other angle.

## Draw two adjacent angles that are also supplementary angles.

If one angle has a measure of $20^{\circ}$, find the measure of the other angle.

## Draw two vertical angles.

If one angle has a measure of $33^{\circ}$, find the measure of the other three angles.

## Solving for Unknown Angles

Remember, we can never assume that we know the measure of an angle. However, we can prove that we know the measure of an angle with the info we are given.


| Find the measure of: $\angle \mathrm{c}=$ | All the lines in the figure below are straight lines. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Find the measure of: $\begin{aligned} & \angle \mathrm{v}= \\ & \angle \mathrm{w}= \\ & \angle \mathrm{x}= \\ & \angle \mathrm{y}= \\ & \angle \mathrm{z}= \\ & \end{aligned}$ | All the lines in the figure below are straight lines. |

## Guided Practice - Riddle Me This!

Directions: Solve the "mystery angle" problems in your packet to reveal the answer to the following clue. Write the angle letter on the line above its degree measurement.
"What did the acorn say when it grew up?"


1. $\angle \mathbf{a}=$

2. $\angle \mathrm{m}=$ $\qquad$ $\angle e=$ $\qquad$

3. $\angle t=$ $\qquad$

4. $\angle \mathbf{r}=$ $\qquad$

5. $\angle \mathbf{i}=$

6. $\angle \mathrm{g}=$ $\qquad$


| Unit 8: Angles, Triangle, Triangle Classification |  |  | Lesson 8.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lesson $8 \cdot 3$ | Two lines meet at a point that is also a vertex of an angle; the measurement of $\angle A O F$ is $134^{\circ}$. Set up and solve an equation to find the values of $x$ and $y$. Are your answers reasonable? How do you know? <br> To solve for $x$... <br> To solve for y... |  | $\underbrace{}_{B}{ }_{B}$ |
| Homework Reminder | This is where you will shade in the box if you turned in your homework. Lesson 8.2 homework is due today! :) <br> "Excellence is not an art. It is the habit of practice." - Aristotle |  |  |
| Check-In | How are you doing today? <br> What is an example of an angle in the real worl |  |  |

## Solving For Unknown Angles Using All Angle Facts

Identify one angle relationship seen in the diagram.

Set up and solve an equation to find the value of $\boldsymbol{x}$.



Two lines meet at a point that is also the endpoint of two rays. In complete sentences, describe two angle relationships observed in the diagram.

1. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


Set up and solve an equation to find the value of $\boldsymbol{x}$. Find the measurements of $\angle \boldsymbol{B A C}$ and $\angle \boldsymbol{B A H}$.

## I "CAN" Game

## Directions To Play!

- Pull one card from the can/bag and solve it.
- If you get the problem correct, keep the card. If you get the problem wrong, the other player can steal the card by trying to answer it correctly.
- If you pull an "I Can" card, add it to your pile as a bonus card and pull another card.
- The player with the most cards at the end, WINS!

| Number | Answer | Number | Answer | Number | Answer |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Total Number of Cards: $\qquad$

[^0]

## Video Notes:

## Foldable Activity! <br> Refer to the foldable for triangle properties!

## Guided Practice- Matchmaker

Directions: Using the task cards, match each triangle to its proper angle classification and side classification. Record in the table below.

| Triangle | Classify by Side | Classify by Angle |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
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## Guided Practice Con't.

DIRECTIONS: Find your way through the maze by choosing the classification that matches each triangle. Color each triangle and arrow to mark your path. WARNING: There are lots of paths to get to the end, but only one is correct.



[^0]:    Extra Work Space:

